

PONY

According to international regulations, a pony is a horse, which withers height is under 148 cm. However pony separates from the horse in any case as on behalf of its size. Pony is tough and more modest, and its keeping is cheaper than the large sized horse.

Pony has large, consumption lasting molars and efficient digestion system, which is able to utilize nourishment of poor quality and badly digestible.

Pony's hair is compact and greasy and it has bushy mane and tail hairs. In the wintertime pony has thick winter fur, which protects it in the moist and cold climate.

Pony has most powerful, but rather short feet. It is not very fast, but is accustomed to move in the almost impassable terrain.

Ponies eat principally grass. Moreover they get oats and other grub (for the example minerals). Also carrot and bread are tasty.

Size of the pony doesn't resolve its breed. There are many little, but in any case breeds classified as horses, for the example the horse of Arabia. On the other hand some horses are called as ponies, such as polo players call their mounts ponies.

The most popular pony breed of Finland is the Shetland Pony. Although it is little, its withers height being about 100 cm, it is with respect to its size, powerful: it have the energy to carry even the burdens weighing 50 kg. The Shetland Pony can be stubborn, but are also docile, agile and durable.

